

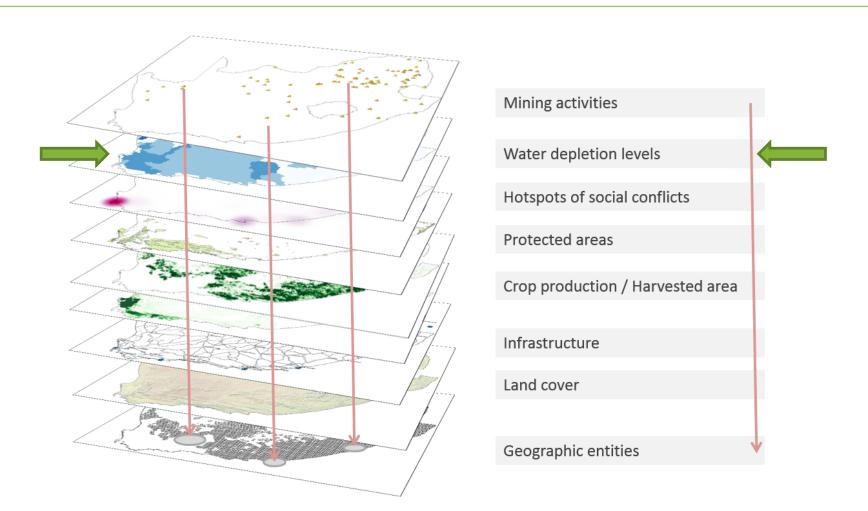






Water in the FINEPRINT project

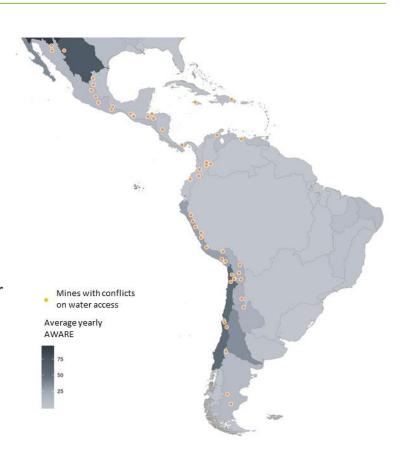




Mining and water

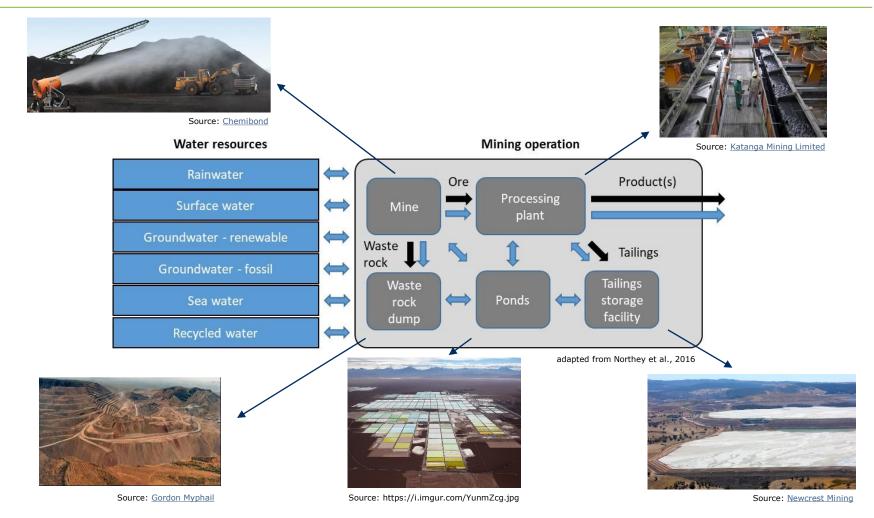


- Extraction and production of raw materials need water.
- Overall quantities of water used in metal mining rather low, but locally high hydrological significance
- Globally, 50% of all copper mines located in areas with water stress
- Lithium mining in the driest deserts of Latin America
- Mining operations as competitors for scarce water of other users including subsistence farming
- Mining operations as polluter of drinking/irrigation water
- Increasingly conflicts about water
- Water quantities AND related impacts part of comprehensive water management



Mining and water





Accounting for global mining water use



Standards:

- UN System of Environmental-Economic accounts for Water (2007)
- Minerals Council of Australia (2014): Water Accounting Framework for the Minerals Industry

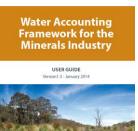
International Council on Mining & Metals (2017): A practical guide to consistent water reporting

Data sources:

- Sustainability/annual reports
- Environmental compliance
- Scientific literature

Data coverage:

- Very poor coverage (often no data or only company-wide data)
- Some good examples: Chile, South Africa, Australia, India, etc.

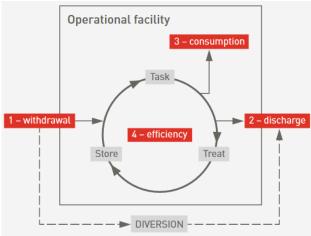




SEEA-Water

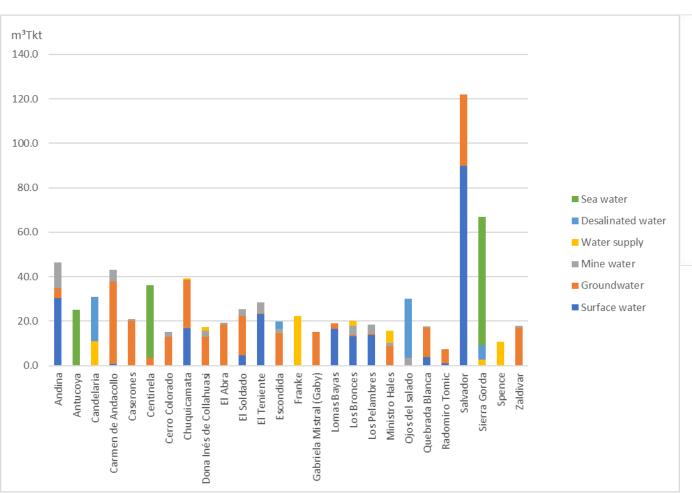
System of Environmental-Economic

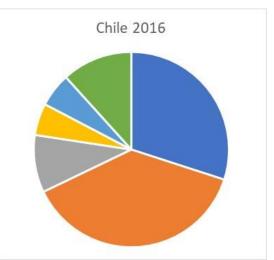




Best case: Water use in Chilean copper mining



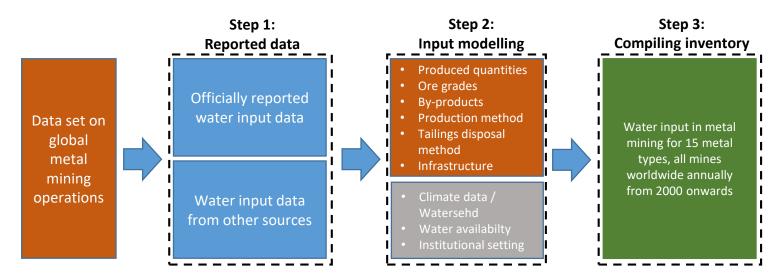




Filling the gaps: Estimating global mining water use



- Collect reported data on water use for mine level
- Identify variables influencing water use
- Collect calibration data for mine level
- Use econometrics / machine learning to model water use
- Integrate estimated data in overall data system

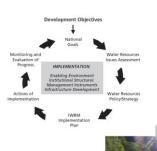


European and global water policies



- SDG 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all
 - equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water
 - increase water-use efficiency, address scarcity
 - Apply IWRM
- Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM)
 - coordinated management of water, land and related resources, to sustainably maximize welfare in equitable manner
- EU Water Framework Directive / Blueprint
 - achieve good qualitative and quantitative status of all EU water bodies
 - better implementing current water legislation
 - consider indirect uses of water related to European production and consumption patterns







Policy application



Policy	Target	Contribution
SDG6	6.4 Increase water-use efficiency across all sectors ensure sustainable with-drawals of freshwater	Data on water-use efficiency by specific mines over time Data on water stress per watershed and mine contribution
SDG6/IWRM	6.5 Implement IWRM at all levels	Identification of mines/watersheds where IWRM is needed Amplification of IWRM to the global level
Consensus for development	Align the EU's (development) policy with the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development	Identification of imbedded impacts of EU trade as contrast to development policies
EU Blueprint	Better implementing current water legislation	Help to "consider the indirect uses of water and their management related to European production and consumption patterns"

Policy application



 In-situ impacts vs. impacts embodied in trade vs. value creation → sustainable supply chain management

